PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

To:	RNATIONAL SEAF	CHING AUTH	OEARE	4	DAT	E	<u> </u>	NTD	-		DCT	
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see form PCT/ISA/220			ANKOM 1 6 MAY 2005 DATA ENTERED					WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (PCT Rule 43bis.1)				
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						1 1	(day/month/year) see form PCT/ISA/210 (second sheet)					
	cant's or agent's file form PCT/ISA/22		·					FOR FURTHER ACTION See paragraph 2 below				
	International application No. PCT/GB2004/005389			International filing date (da 21.12.2004					eai	r)	Priority date (day/month/year) 23.12.2003	
International Patent Classification (IPC) or both national classification and IPC C07C231/12, C07C233/23, C07C409/40												
Applicant ANGIOGENE PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED												
1.	This opinion co	ntains indicat	ions rela	tin	g to th	e fo	llov	wing iter	 ms	s:		
	⊠ Box No. I											
	Box No. II	Priority	piriion									
	Box No. III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability											
	☐ Box No. IV									e stop and moderna approaching		
	⊠ Box No. V											
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	☐ Box No. VII	Certain defect	ts in the i	nte	rnation	al ap	oplic	cation				
	☐ Box No. VIII	Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application										
2.	FURTHER ACTI	ON										
If a demand for international preliminary examination is made, this opinion will usually be considered to be a written opinion of the International Preliminary Examining Authority ("IPEA"). However, this does not apply where the applicant chooses an Authority other than this one to be the IPEA and the chosen IPEA has notified the International Bureau under Rule 66.1 bis(b) that written opinions of this International Searching Authority will not be so considered.												
If this opinion is, as provided above, considered to be a written opinion of the IPEA, the applicant is invited to submit to the IPEA a written reply together, where appropriate, with amendments, before the expiration of three months from the date of mailing of Form PCT/ISA/220 or before the expiration of 22 months from the priority date, whichever expires later.												
	For further options, see Form PCT/ISA/220.											
3.	3. For further details, see notes to Form PCT/ISA/220.											
Nam	ne and mailing addre		Autho					rized Officer				

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10/584175 016366-2

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/005389

IAP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 23 JUN 2006 Box No. I Basis of the opinion 1. With regard to the language, this opinion has been established on the basis of the international application in the language in which it was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. This opinion has been established on the basis of a translation from the original language into the following language , which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rules 12.3 and 23.1(b)). 2. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application and necessary to the claimed invention, this opinion has been established on the basis of: a. type of material: a sequence listing table(s) related to the sequence listing b. format of material: in written format in computer readable form c. time of filing/furnishing: contained in the international application as filed. filed together with the international application in computer readable form.

In addition, in the case that more than one version or copy of a sequence listing and/or table relating thereto has been filed or furnished, the required statements that the information in the subsequent or additional copies is identical to that in the application as filed or does not go beyond the application as filed, as appropriate, were furnished.

furnished subsequently to this Authority for the purposes of search.

4. Additional comments:

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY

International application No. PCT/GB2004/005389

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Rule 43bis.1(a)(i) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-20,22-29

No:

Claims

21

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

1-19,22-29

No: Claims

20,21

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-29

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

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IAP20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 23 JUN 2006 International application No.

WRITTEN OPINION OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCHING AUTHORITY (SEPARATE SHEET)

PCT/GB2004/005389

Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

D1: WO-A-9902166 D2: WO-A-0040259

NOVELTY (Article 33(2) PCT)

CLAIMS 1-19 & 22 (YES)

The processes of Claims 1-19 and 22 are novel, since no prior art discloses the preparation of ZD6126 phenol from the corresponding benzylic derivative, D1 (cf. page 8, line 21 to page 9, line 17) describing a process wherein colchicine (and derivatives thereof) is hydrolysed and subjected to ring contraction with alkaline hydrogen peroxide.

CLAIM 20 (YES)

The subject-matter of Claim 20 is novel, since the two ZD6126 alcohols disclosed in D2 (cf. Exs. 24 & 25) are excluded by way of proviso.

<u>CLAIM 21</u> (NO)

The subject-matter of Claim 21 is not new, since D2 (cf. Exs. 24 & 25) describes processes for the preparation of a ZD6126 alcohol of formula (II) as defined in present Claim 6 wherein R^2 are both Me (cf. Ex. 24) or H (cf. Ex. 25) by the reaction of allocolchicine with methyllithium in ether/THF and with LiAlH₄ in ether/THF respectively.

CLAIMS 23-29 (YES)

The subject-matter of Claims 23-29 is novel, since no prior art discloses the ZD6126-alkene, -hydroperoxide and -dimer of formulae (III), (IV) or (V) respectively, such that the intermediates of formulae (III), (IV) or (V) per se (cf. Claims 23, 26 & 29), methods for their preparation (cf. Claims 24 & 27), and their use in the preparation of ZD6126 phenol (cf. Claims 25 & 28), are novel.

INVENTIVE STEP (Article 33(3) PCT)

CLAIMS 1-19 & 22 (YES)

In the light of D1 (cf. page 8, line 21 to page 9, line 17), which describes a process for the preparation of ZD6126 phenol by hydrolysis of colchicine (and derivatives thereof), followed by ring contraction with alkaline hydrogen peroxide, the problem to be solved by the present invention may be regarded as the provision of an alternative

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International application No.

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process for the preparation of ZD6126 phenol.

The solution provided by the prosess of Claim 1, namely by reacting a ZD6126 alcohol of formula (II) with an acid catalyst and an oxidising agent is considered to be inventive, since none of the cited prior art suggests preparing ZD6126 phenol by such a benzylic alcohol to phenol transformation. Thus the processes of Claims 1-5, and Claims 6-19 (including the additional step of preparing a ZD6126 alcohol from an allocolchicine), and the use of a ZD6126 alcohol for preparing ZD6126 phenol (cf. Claim 22) are all inventive.

CLAIMS 20-21 (NO)

The subject-matter of Claims 20 and 21 does not involve an inventive step. Thus as stated above, D2 (cf. Exs. 24 & 25) describes processes for the preparation of a ZD6126 alcohol of formula (II) as defined in present Claims 1 or 6 wherein R^2 are both Me (cf. Ex. 24) or H (cf. Ex. 25) by the reaction of allocolchicine with methyllithium in ether/THF, and with LiAlH $_4$ in ether/THF respectively. D2 further teaches compounds represented by formula (I) therein wherein R^1 - R^3 are methyl, R^4 and R^6 are H, X is CHNHCOCH $_3$ as in Exs. 24 & 25, and wherein R^5 may be $C_{1.7}$ alkyl substituted by one or more of OH and phenyl i.e. a formula which overlaps substantially with the present formula (II) of Claim 20, it being clear from D2 that these compounds may be prepared by processes analogous to those of Exs. 24 & 25 i.e. according to the process of present Claim 21.

CLAIMS 23-29 (YES)

The compounds of formulae (III), (IV) and (V) are all compounds which may be formed as intermediates in the reaction of ZD6126 alcohol to ZD6126 phenol and thus these compounds *per se* (cf. Claims 23, 26 & 29), methods for their preparation (cf. Claims 24 & 27), and their use in the preparation of ZD6126 phenol (cf. Claims 25 & 28), are all inventive.

OTHER COMMENTS

Contrary to the requirements of Rule 5.1(a)(ii) PCT, the relevant background art disclosed in the document D2 is not mentioned in the description, nor is this document identified therein.